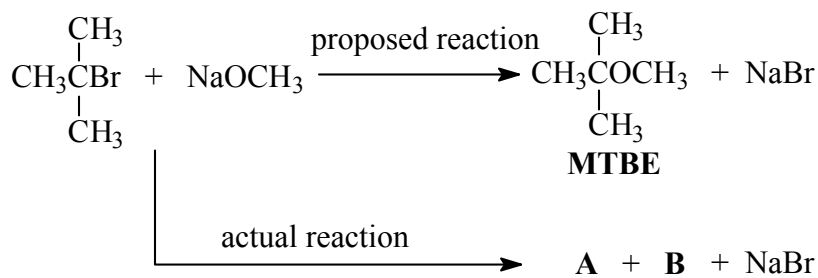
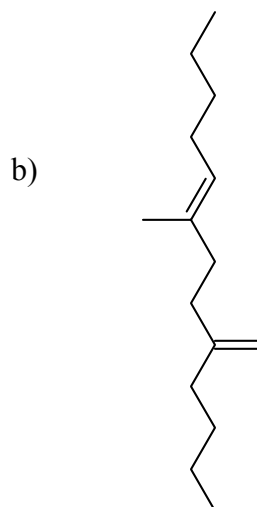
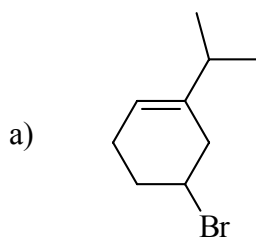


1.(10) Ethers can be easily synthesized using an S_N2 reaction between a well chosen alkyl halide and an alkoxide. However, when a young post-bac attempted to make methyl t-butyl ether (MTBE, fuel additive) using the scheme below, he failed. Instead, he isolated an unknown compound C_4H_8 (**A**) and an alcohol (**B**). Identify compounds **A** and **B**, and briefly explain why this poor student could not isolate MTBE under these conditions.



2.(8) Name the following compounds:

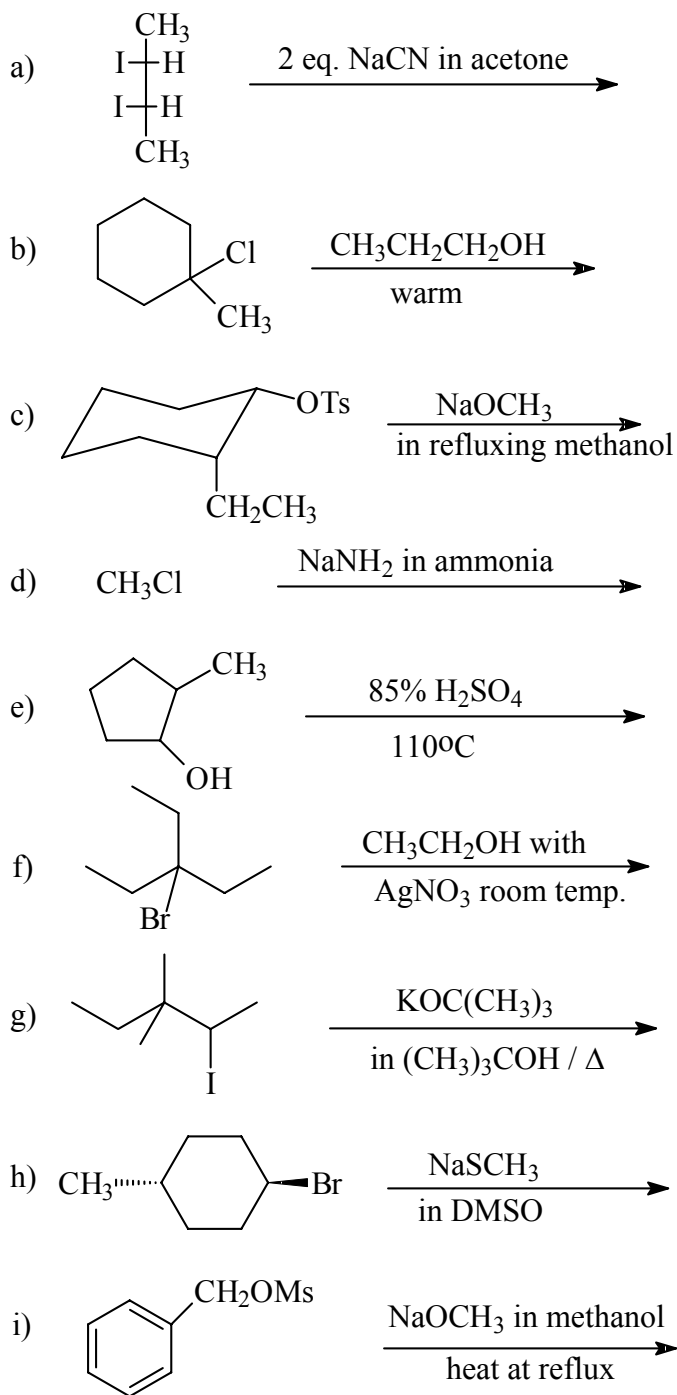


3.(8) Draw the following compounds:

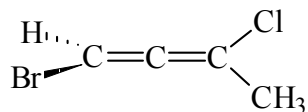
a) 5-methyl-3(S)-cyclopropyl-1,4(Z)-heptadiene

a) 1-fluoro-4-vinylcyclopentene

4.(45) Give the major product of the following reactions **and** indicate the mechanism (e.g. E1) through which the reaction proceeds.



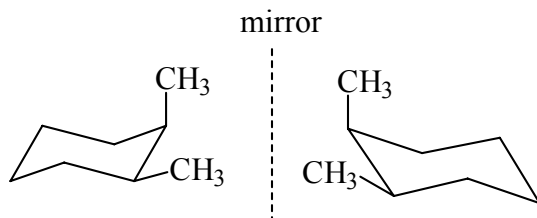
5.(10) The allene (1,2-diene) shown below has a specific rotation of -21° yet has no chiral “carbons”. The molecule does, however, have a chiral “center”. Briefly explain this unusual phenomenon. Is this allene (R) or (S)? Draw the stereoisomer that has an $[\alpha]_D = +21^\circ$.



$$[\alpha]_D = -21^\circ$$

6.(10) Give brief explanations for the following observations:

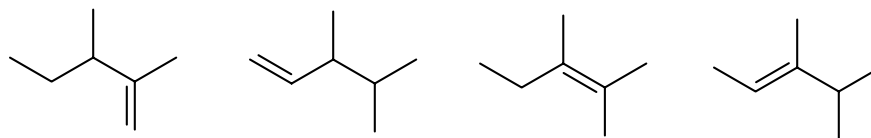
- a) cis 1,2-dimethylcyclohexane is optically inactive even though it has 2 chiral centers and the mirror images do not *appear* to be superimposable.



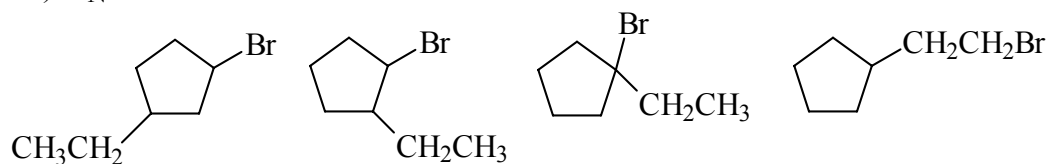
- b) Addition of HBr to 1-butene yields an optically inactive product despite the formation of a chiral center.

7.(15) Arrange the following in order of increasing (1 = lowest, slowest):

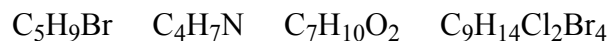
a) ΔH of hydrogenation:



b) S_N1 reaction rate:



c) number of sites (elements) of unsaturation:



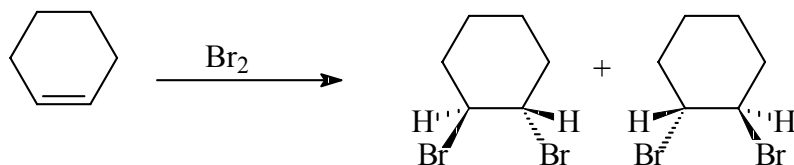
8.(12)

a) **Draw a compound** with a molecular formula of C_5H_8 with one sp hybridized carbon.

b) **Give the formula** of a hydrocarbon with 8 carbons, zero π bonds and three rings.

c) **Propose a structure** of compound with the characteristics described in part b).

9.(10) The bromination of cyclohexene gives the two compounds shown below. **Assign *R* or *S* to each chiral center in the products.** Are the two molecules enantiomers, diastereomers or identical? _____



10.(8) (2*R*,3*S*)-3-phenyl-2-iodobutane undergoes E2 elimination on treatment with ethoxide ion to yield exclusively (*Z*)-2-phenyl-2-butene as shown below. Explain this observation using either a Newman or sawhorse projection of the substrate in your answer.

